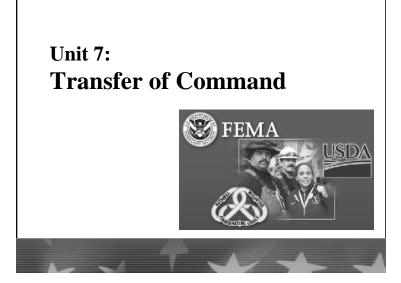


Transfer of Command

Topic

Unit Introduction





Visual Description: Unit Introduction

Key Points

The purpose of this unit is to review the process used when transferring command.

Topic

Unit Objectives



Unit Objectives

- Describe the process of transfer of command.
- List the essential elements of information involved in transfer of command.



Visual Description: Unit Objectives

Key Points

By the end of this unit, you should be able to:

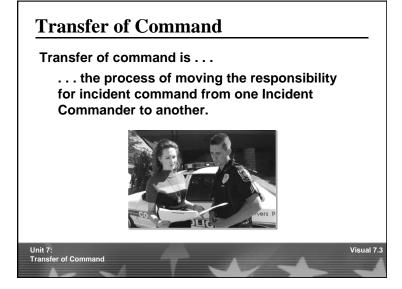
- Describe the process of transfer of command.
- List the essential elements of information involved in transfer of command.
 - Situation status.
 - Incident objectives and priorities based on the IAP.
 - Current organization.
 - Resource assignments.
 - Resources ordered and en route.
 - Incident facilities.
 - Incident communications plan.
 - Incident prognosis, concerns, and other issues.
 - Introduction of Command and General Staff members.

Transfer of Command

Topic

Transfer of Command Overview





Visual Description: Transfer of Command

Key Points

The process of moving the responsibility for incident command from one Incident Commander to another is called "transfer of command."

Transfer of Command

Topic

Transfer of Command Overview



When Command Is Transferred

May take place when:

- A jurisdiction or agency is legally required to take command.
- Change of command is necessary for effectiveness or efficiency.
- Incident complexity changes.
- There is a need to relieve personnel on incidents of extended duration.
- Personal emergencies (e.g., Incident Commander has a family emergency).
- Agency administrator/official directs a change in command.



Visual Description: When Command Is Transferred

Key Points

Transfer of command may take place for many reasons, including:

- A jurisdiction or agency is legally required to take command.
- Change of command is necessary for effectiveness or efficiency.
- Incident complexity changes.
- There is a need to relieve personnel on incidents of extended duration.
- Personal emergencies (e.g., Incident Commander has a family emergency).
- Agency administrator/official directs a change in command.



Can you think of other reasons why command might be transferred?

Transfer of Command

Topic

Transfer of Command Overview



A More Qualified Person Arrives

The arrival of a more qualified person does NOT necessarily mean a change in incident command. The more qualified individual may:

- Assume command according to agency guidelines.
- Maintain command as it is and monitor command activity and effectiveness.
- Request a more qualified Incident Commander from the agency with a higher level of jurisdictional responsibility.

Unit 7:
Transfer of Command

Visual Description: A More Qualified Person Arrives

Key Points

Note the following key points:

- The arrival of a more qualified person does NOT necessarily mean a change in incident command.
- Upon arrival, a more qualified individual may:
 - Assume command according to agency guidelines.
 - Maintain command as it is and monitor command activity and effectiveness.
 - Request a more qualified Incident Commander from the agency with a higher level of jurisdictional responsibility.

Transfer of Command

Topic

Transfer of Command Procedures



Transfer of Command Procedures

Whenever possible, transfer of command should:

- Take place face-to-face.
- Include a complete briefing.

The effective time and date of the transfer should be communicated to personnel.



Unit 7: Visual 7.6
Transfer of Command

Visual Description: Transfer of Command Procedures

Key Points

One of the main features of ICS is a procedure to transfer command with minimal disruption to the incident. This procedure may be used any time personnel in supervisory positions change.

The following three key procedures should be followed whenever possible:

- The transfer should take place face-to-face.
- The transfer should include a complete briefing.
- The effective time and date of the transfer should be communicated to all personnel who need to know, both at the scene and elsewhere.

Transfer of Command

Topic

Transfer of Command Briefing



Transfer of Command Briefing Elements

The transfer of command briefing should include:

- Situation status.
- Incident objectives and priorities based on the IAP.
- Current organization.
- Resource assignments.
- Resources ordered and en route.
- Incident facilities.
- Incident communications plan.
- Incident prognosis, concerns, and other issues.
- Introduction of Command and General Staff members.



Visual Description: Transfer of Command Briefing Elements

Key Points

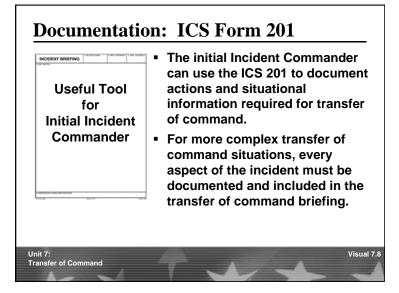
A transfer of command briefing should always take place. The briefing should include the following essential elements of information:

- Situation status.
- Incident objectives and priorities based on the IAP.
- Current organization.
- Resource assignments.
- Resources ordered and en route.
- Incident facilities.
- Incident communications plan.
- Incident prognosis, concerns, and other issues.
- Introduction of Command and General Staff members.

Topic

Transfer of Command Briefing





Visual Description: Documentation: ICS Form 201

Key Points

Agency policies and incident-specific issues may alter the transfer of command process. In all cases, the information shared must be documented and saved for easy retrieval during and after the incident.

Note the following key points:

- One useful tool for document change of command is ICS Form 201, the Incident Briefing. The primary intent is for this document to be used by the initial Incident Commander to document actions and situational information quickly while staff is limited and the incident is dynamic. The form can be used to document items for the transfer of command briefing.
- For more complex transfer of command situations, every aspect of the incident must be documented and included in the transfer of command briefing. It is vital that important information does not get lost.

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Transfer of Command

Topic

Activity



Activity: Challenges and Strategies Instructions: Working as a team, identify the challenges facing an incoming commander and strategies for overcoming these challenges. Record your challenges and strategies on chart paper as shown: Choose a spokesperson and be ready to present in 15 minutes. Transfer of Command Challenges Strategies Visual 7.9

Visual Description: Challenges and Strategies Activity

Key Points

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of this activity is to identify challenges facing an incoming commander and identify strategies for overcoming them.

Instructions:

- 1. Working as a team, identify the challenges facing an incoming commander and strategies for overcoming these challenges.
- 2. Record your challenges and strategies on chart paper in two columns (one labeled "Challenges" and the second labeled "Strategies").
- 3. Choose a spokesperson to present your challenges and strategies to the class. Be ready to present your list in 15 minutes.



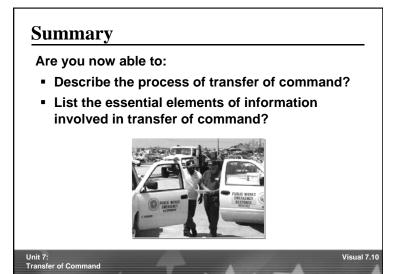
Jot down challenges facing an incoming commander and strategies to overcome these challenges.

Challenges	Strategies		

Topic

Summary





Visual Description: Summary

Key Points

Are you now able to:

- Describe the process of transfer of command?
- List the essential elements of information involved in transfer of command?
 - Situation status.
 - Incident objectives and priorities based on the IAP.
 - Current organization.
 - Resource assignments.
 - Resources ordered and en route.
 - Incident facilities.
 - Incident communications plan.
 - Incident prognosis, concerns, and other issues.
 - Introduction of Command and General Staff members.

The next unit is the Course Summary.